

### **PURPOSE**

- Show that digital twins (DTs) are useful for
  - Human System Integration (HSI)
  - during the whole life cycle of a system
  - anticipation, preparation, creativity and experience feedback management
- Show that DTs can be qualified as FlexTech
  - from rigid automation to flexible autonomy
  - dealing with the unexpected
  - Well-being, safety, sustainability and efficiency
- Put the artificial at the service of the natural, and not the other way around

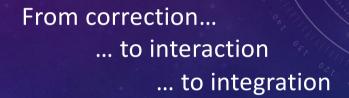
**Digital twins** are not only a question of technology.

They should be seen as tools for human-centered design and operations support...

# MY WORLD FOR ~40 YEARS...











... and other things

## HUMAN-CENTERED DESIGN (HCD)

#### HCD for whom?

- e.g., Pilots, controllers, maintenance personnel, airlines, etc.
- Engineering designers, developers, manufacturers, certifiers, etc.

HCD assumes that there is always the human element everywhere

- How do we consider the human element?
- What are the theoretical and practical methods and tools?

HCD of sociotechnical systems in a digital world

- Co-designing Technology, **Organization** and People's activities (TOP Model)
- Think about the life cycle of systems

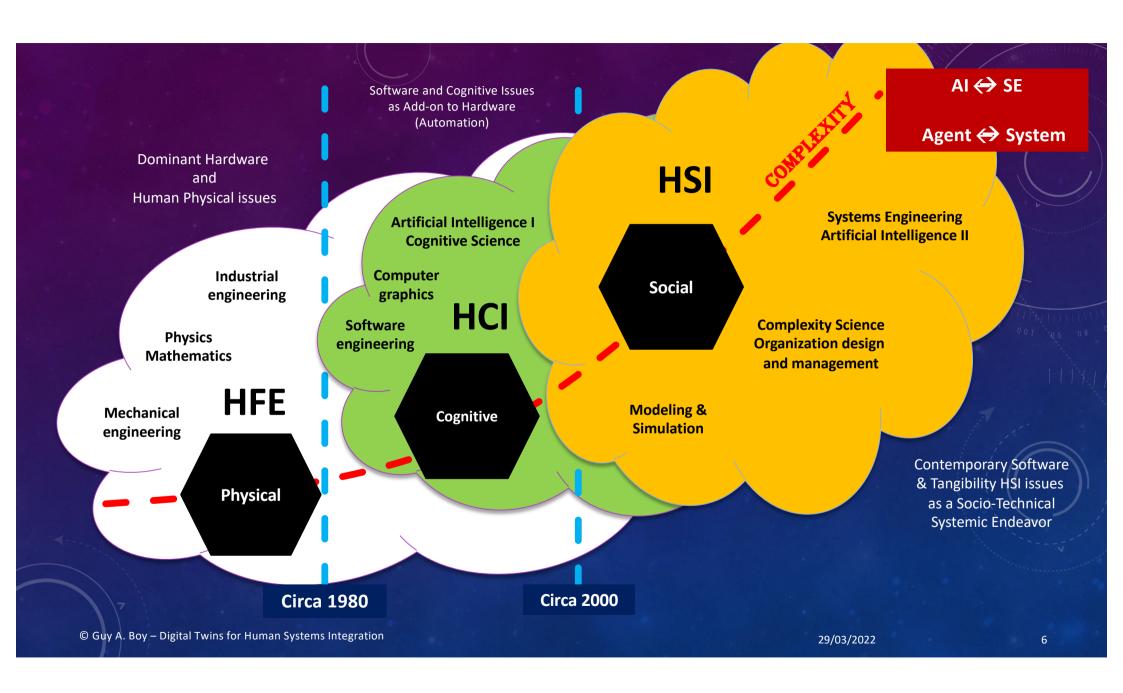


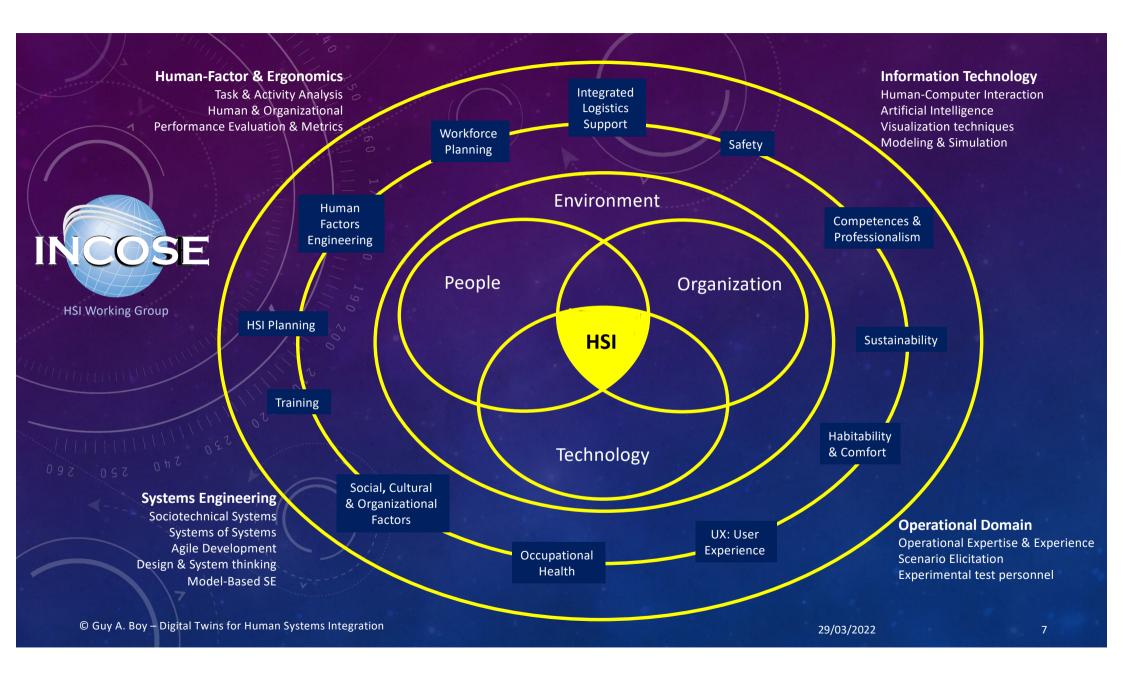
HUMAN SYSTEMS INTEGRATION

HCD HUMAN-CENTERED DESIGN

+

SE SYSTEMS ENGINEERING



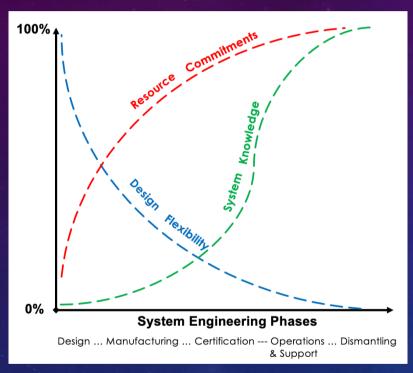


# INTEGRATION

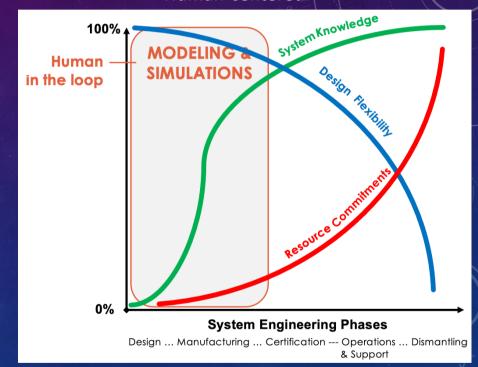
FROM THE EARLY STAGES OF DESIGN

### LIFE-CYCLED HUMAN SYSTEMS INTEGRATION

### Technology-centered

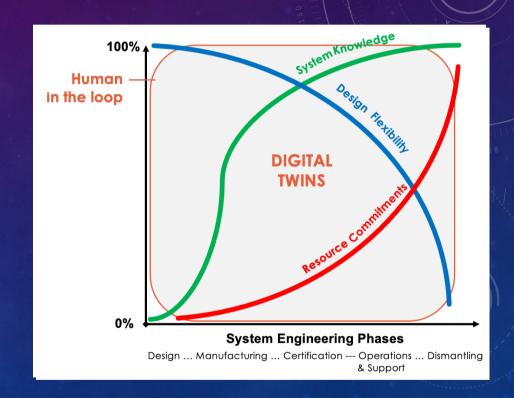


#### Human-centered



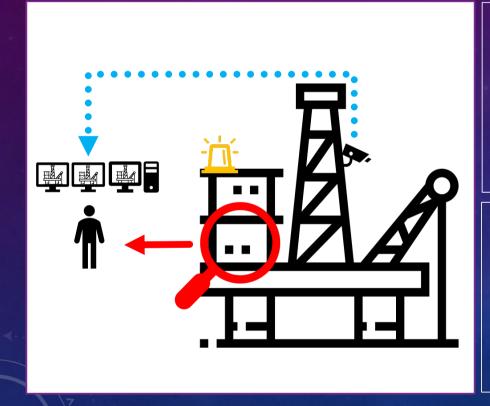
### DIGITAL TWINS

- Expanding HITLS
  - During the whole life cycle
  - "what if?"
- Vivid documentation
  - Integration of experience feedback
  - Organizational memory
- DTs as virtual assistants
  - Multi-agent collaboration
  - Mediators for collaborative work



### JUNA - LEARNING DIGITAL TWIN

SITUATION AWARENESS ASSISTANT SYSTEM INTEGRATING EXPERIENCE FEEDBACK



"A digital twin is a dynamic representation of a physical system using interconnected data, models, and processes to enable access to knowledge of past, present, and future states to manage action on that system."

(Camara Dit Pinto, 2021)

### **Reality anchors:**

physical or cognitive resources that allow human operators to apprehend reality at operations time

# HUMAN-CENTERED DESIGN OF A DIGITAL TWIN FOR HELICOPTER ENGINE MAINTENANCE



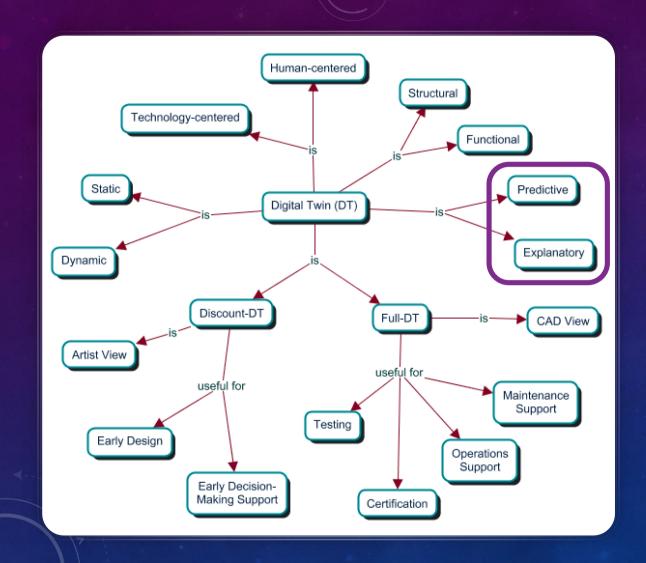


### **DIGITAL TWINS**

- Extensions of models used in model-based systems engineering (MBSE)
- Documentation of the design process and the solutions developed (and those not chosen)
- Human-in-the-loop simulation support to engineering design (Virtual HCD)
- Active documentation to represent, simulate, and communicate on the system (traceability)

# MB-HSI

Chapter in the Handbook of MBSE to appear in 2022

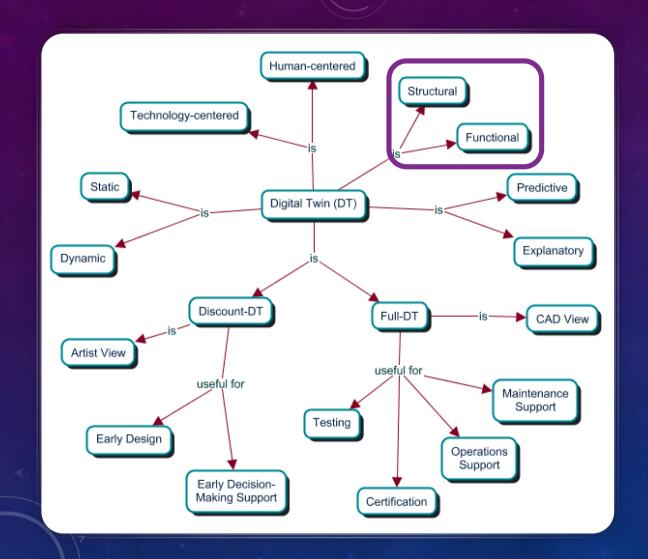


### **Predictive DT**

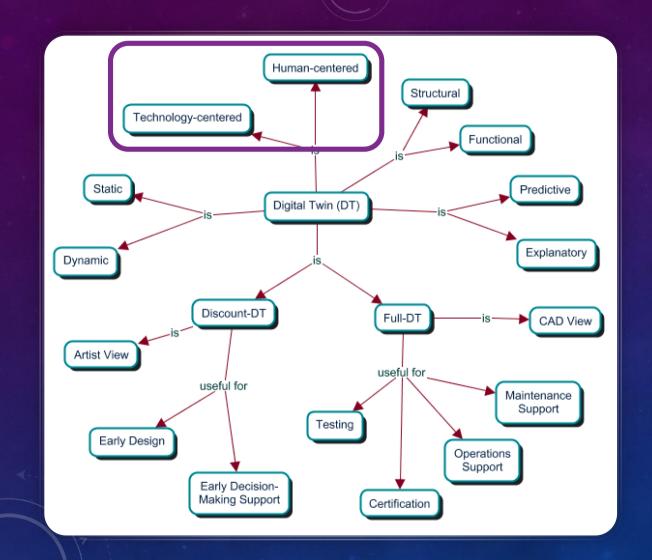
very well-tested digital analog simple & defined in a limited context short-term, rigid and focused

### **Explanatory DT**

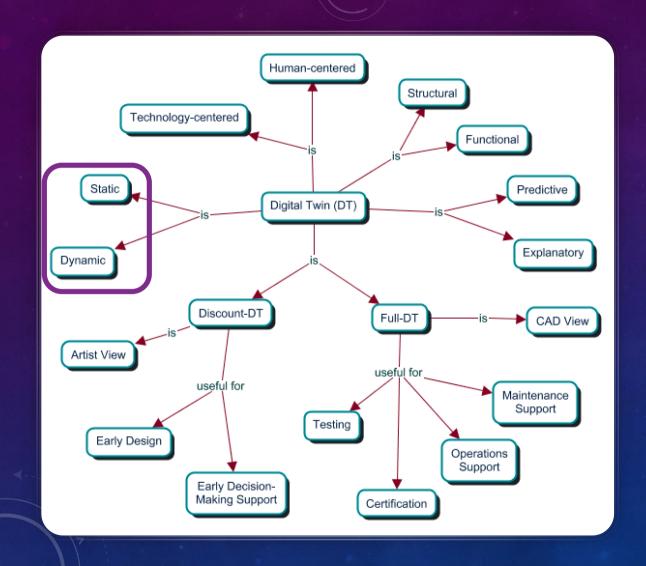
defined by an ontology of the domain longer-term, flexible and generic for analysis, design and evaluation for documenting



- system representation
- system visualization
- for function allocation

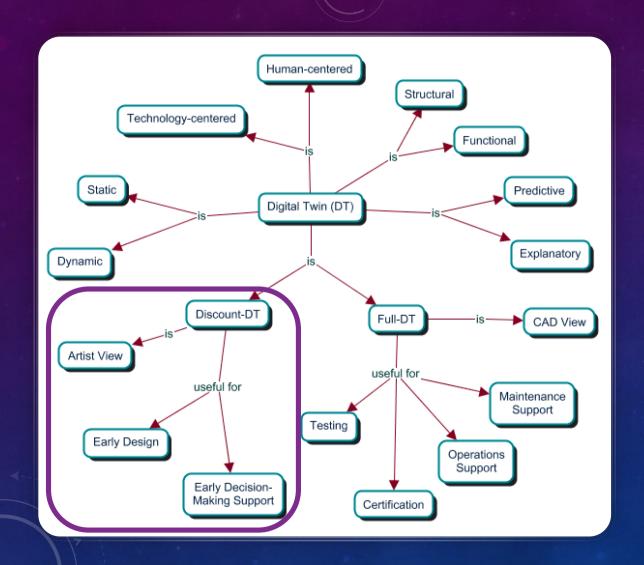


- recipient of RETEX information
- support for system performance
- for both system design and usages
- support traceability
- support logistics along the whole life cycle of a system



System description along system's life cycle

Active documentation virtual HCD

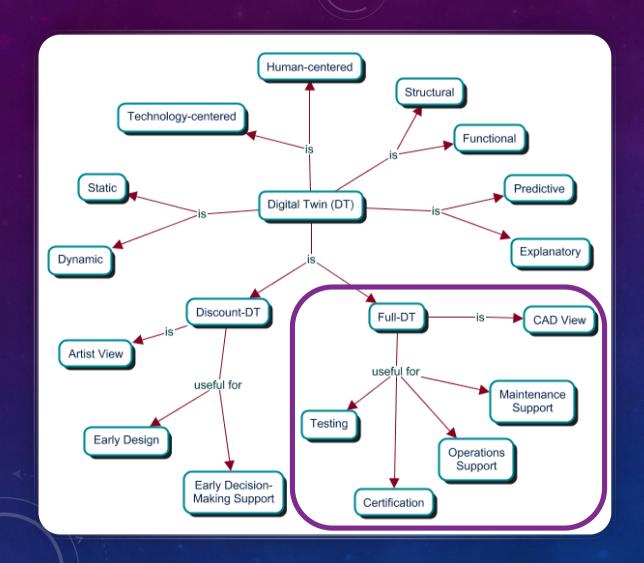


vision support
vision support
mediating design support

Human-in-the-loop simulation
activity analysis support
emergent functions discovery

Agile development support
creativity support

modification & validation support



#### Formative evaluation

iterative design & development scenario-based design support

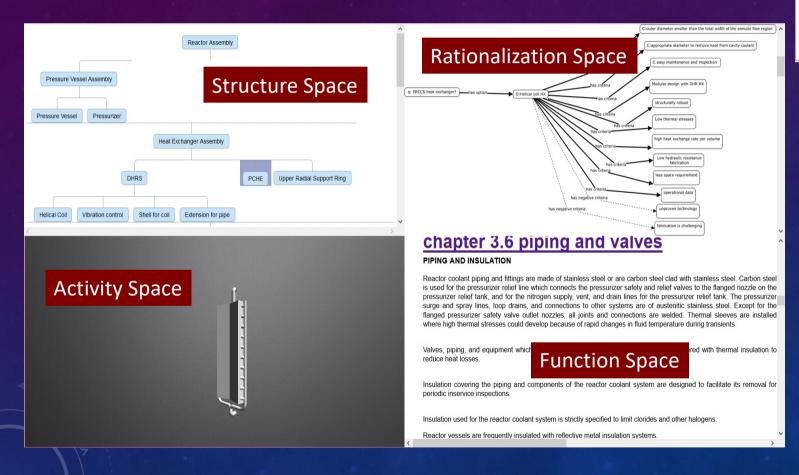
### Summative evaluation

validation certification

### **Operations support**

performance maintenance

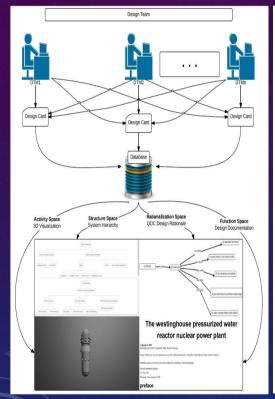
# DESIGN CARD (DC)

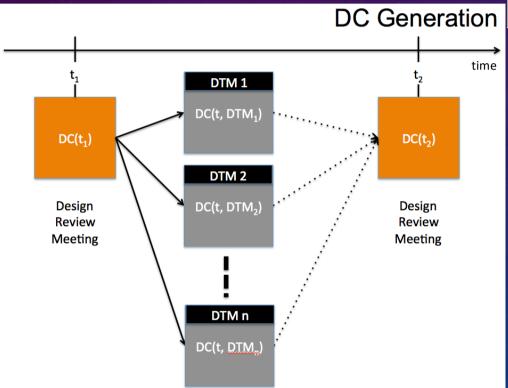


Structure Space Rationalization Space Function Space Space

DIGITAL TWINS
AS
ACTIVE
DESIGN
DOCUMENTS

### DESIGN CARD EVOLUTION



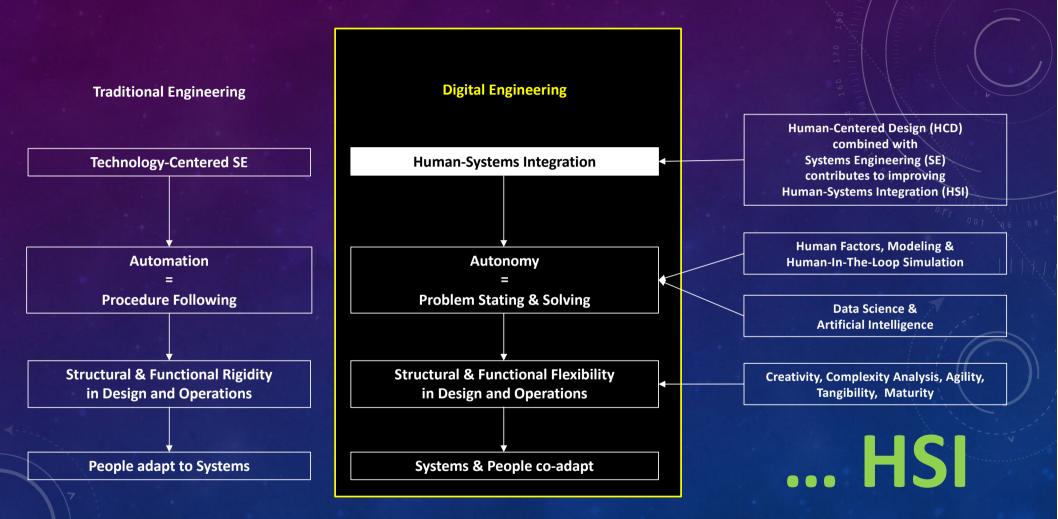


Structure Rationalization
Space Space

Activity Function
Space Space

DIGITAL TWINS
AS
ACTIVE
DESIGN
DOCUMENTS

### TOWARD MORE AUTONOMY & FLEXIBILITY



# INTEGRATION

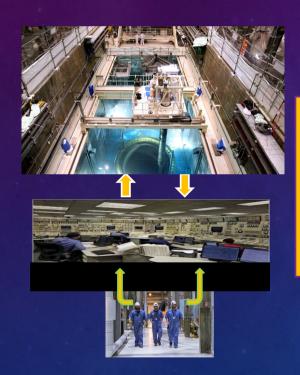
FROM PURPOSE TO MEANS

## FROM MEANS TO PURPOSE

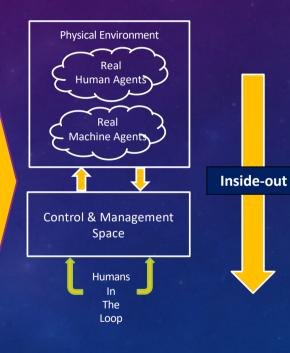
Engineering

**Ergonomics** Automation

Human Factors



Tangible Human-Centered Engineering

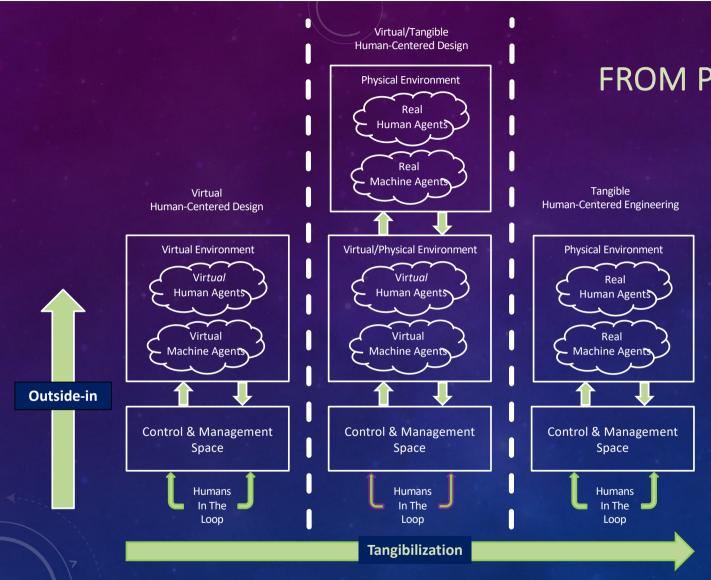


20<sup>th</sup> century approach

Engineering, Ergonomics, HCI & Automation

**FlexTech** 

**CentraleSupélec-ESTIA Chair** 



FROM PURPOSE TO MEANS

21<sup>ST</sup>
CENTURY
APPROACH

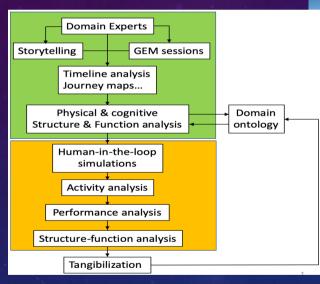
HSI

FlexTech

**CentraleSupélec-ESTIA Chair** 

## OFF-SHORE OIL & GAS MULTI-AGENT TELEROBOTIC SYSTEMS

Using PRODEC method combined with HITLS







**Tangibilization** 

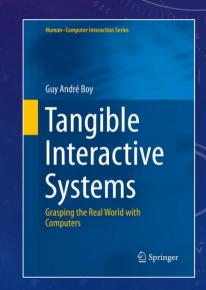
## TANGIBILITY: SYSTEMIC ATTRIBUTES

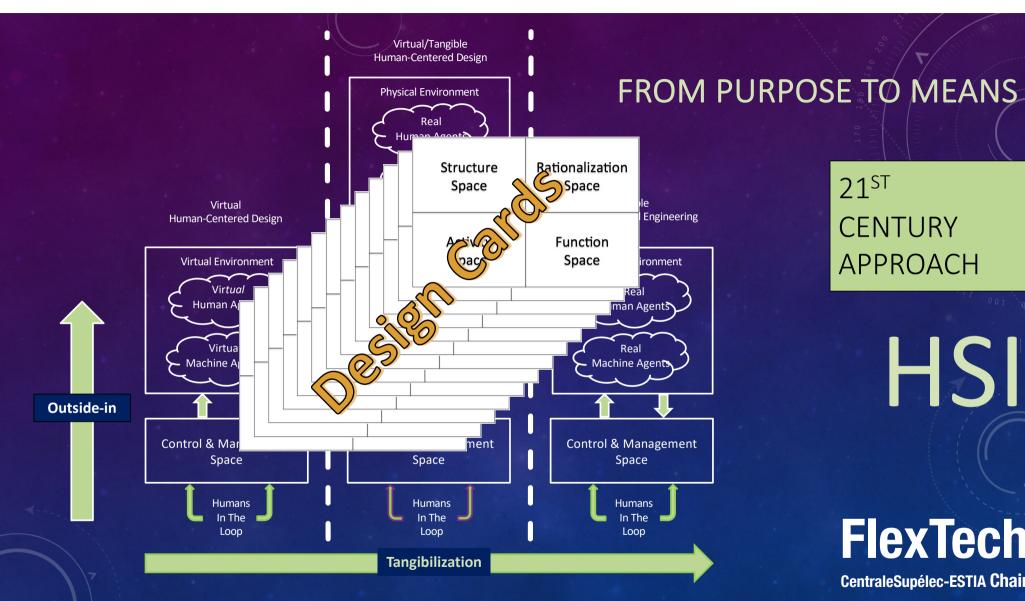
- Complexity → separability, interconnectivity, collaboration, trust, ...
- Maturity → TRLs & HRLs & ORLs
- Flexibility (design & operations) 

  safety nodes, reversibility, FlexTech, ...
- Stability/Resilience  $\rightarrow$  passive vs. active, resilience, crisis management, ...
- Sustainability -> design rationale, knowledge management, ...

+ Social Factors

Shared situation awareness
Cooperative decision-making
Harmonized risk taking
Trust and collaboration





21<sup>ST</sup> **CENTURY APPROACH** 

HSI

FlexTech

**CentraleSupélec-ESTIA Chair** 

# READINESS LEVELS

### Technology



### Human

HRL	Description
1	Relevant human capabilities, limitations, and basic human performance issues and risks identified
2	Human-focused concept of operations defined and human performance design principles established
3	Analyses of human operational, environmental, functional, cognitive, and physical needs completed, based on proof of concept
4	Modeling, part-task testing, and trade studies of user interface design concepts completed
5	User evaluation of prototypes in mission-relevant simulations completed to inform design
6	Human-system interfaces fully matured as influenced by human performance analyses, metrics, prototyping, and high-fidelity simulations
7	Human-system interfaces fully tested and verified in operational environment with system hardware and software and representative users
8	Total human-system performance fully tested, validated, and approved in mission operations, using completed system hardware and software and representative users
9	System successfully used in operations across the operational envelope with systematic monitoring of human-system performance

### Organizations

ORL-0	First principles where potential organizational models are explored.
ORL-1	Goal-oriented research that requires making choices from first principles to practical fully digital organizational setups
ORL-2	Proof of principle development, and active R&D is started in a virtual environment
ORL-3	Virtual agile organizational prototype development and first HITLS (virtual HCD)
ORL-4	Proof of organizational concept development using concrete scenario-based design from fully virtual to more tangible environments
ORL-5	Assessing organization capability in terms of authority sharing (responsibility, accountability and control), trust, collaboration and coordination, for example
ORL-6	Real-world use-case tests in a wider variety of situations - tangibilization continues
ORL-7	Practical integration with respect to criteria such as safety, efficiency and comfort, at various levels of granularity of the organization – tangibilization continues
ORL-8	Readiness for effective implementation on a real site (fully tangible) based on personnel feedback for deployment approval
ORL-9	Deployment involving both personnel and real machines
-10" Louis (10.05)	



- Health sociotechnical system
- Future combat air system
- Virtual air traffic control tower
- Small nuclear reactor
- Oil-and-gas telerobotics







### A FEW TAKE-AWAYS... FOR DIGITAL TWINS FOR HSI...

- We live in a digital world -> tangibility is a crucial contemporary issue
- Single-agent ergonomics is not enough → Socio-ergonomics using DTs
- Rigid automation is what we know → Flexible autonomy is what we need to make using DTs
- How do we deal with the unexpected? → problem-solving support using DTs
- From means to purpose (people adapt) → From purpose to means (DTs help solving problems)
- Human-machine teaming 

  what new human roles?

Collaborative work requires education, openness, empathy and enthusiasm!



This book is a follow-up of previous contributions in Human-Centered Design Inis book is a follow-up of previous contributions in Human-Centered Design and practice in the development of virtual prototypes that requires progressive operational tangibility toward Human-Systems Integration (HSI). The book discusses flexibility in design and operations, tangibility of software-intensive systems, virtual human-centered design, increasingly-autonomous complex systems, Human-Factors and Ergonomics of sociotechnical systems, and systems of systems integration.

This is an attempt to better formalize a systemic approach to HSI. Good HSI is a matter of maturity... it takes time to mature. It takes time for a human being to become autonomous, and then mature! HSI is a matter of human-machine teaming, where human-machine cooperation and coordination are crucial. We cannot think engineering design without considering people and organizations that go with it. We also cannot think new technology, new organizations and new jobs without considering change management, especially in digital organizations.

The book will be of interest to industry, academia, those involved with systems engineering, human factors and the broader public.

#### Features:

- · Discusses flexibility in design and operations of complex systems
- · Offers tangibility of software-intensive systems
- · Presents virtual human-centered design
- Covers autonomous complex systems
- Provides human factors and ergonomics of sociotechnical systems

#### About the Author:

Guy André Boy is one of the pioneers and a world leader in the study and applications of human centered design and human systems integration. He is also the Chair of INCOSE Human Systems Integration Working Group worldwide.

**Ergonomics and Human Factors** 







HUMAN-SYSTEMS o l INTEGRATION

### **HUMAN-SYSTEMS INTEGRATION**

From Virtual to Tangible

**Guy Andre Boy** 

**CRC Press** 



Guy Andre Boy

... and the last one!

